

# ASD Early Intervention Communication Specialist Services

Parent/Guardian Consent

Student's Name:		Date of	Date of Birth (m/d/y):	
School:		Grade:	School Year:	
*Please note cor	isent for services is valid	for the current school calend	dar year only.	
students diagnos Teaching Suppor	ed with ASD, throughou rt Team and Student Plar	t their primary school year. T	anguage Pathologist (SLP) that supports This SLP works collaboratively with the ent and implementation of communication	
school. It is important child have the right	ortant for you to understa	nd that participation in the ab nue this process at any time.	m to identify and meet your child's needs at bove supports is voluntary. You and/or your You will be provided with a copy of any	
	nmended by Student Pla ormed consent please read	<b>nning Team:</b> the service descriptions on the	e following page).	
□ Screening	□ Assessment	□ Speech-Language The	erapy	
Parent(s)/Legal	Guardian(s) please con	nplete:		
(student's name)	and have the authority to	o make decisions on their beh	/legal guardian(s) of	
service to take p	•	arrangement, both parents wi	in de required to sign this consent form for the	
service(s), and the in the student's p	hat the team referral, pare permanent electronic con anning Team meetings a	nt/guardian consent, and asse fidential file (TIENET). I unc	(student) receiving the above indicated essment report (if completed) will be uploaded derstand that this information will be discussed or my child and that I may withdraw consent	
Parent/Legal Gu	ardian Signature:		Date:	
Parent/Legal Gu	ardian Signature:		Date:	
□ I/We <u>do not</u>	t consent to	<u>OR</u> (s	student) receiving the above indicated service.	
Parent/Legal Gu	ardian Signature:		Date:	
Parent/Legal Guardian Signature:			Date:	
If you have any q	uestions or concerns, please	contact your Speech-Language Pa	athologist:	
Speech-Language	e Pathologist:	Email:	Phone:	



# **Speech-Language Pathology Services**

(Description of services)

#### What is involved in Screening?

A screening is a short assessment to see if your child might have speech or language delays. If the screening shows any concerns, a full assessment by the SLP might be needed. The screening will check speech sounds, understanding of language, speaking skills, fluency, and voice (see descriptions above).

#### What is involved in an Assessment?

- An assessment helps find out how well your child can communicate. The child will do simple tasks to test their speech and language skills. At the end of the assessment your child may receive a diagnosis of a speech-language delay or disorder based on the results of the assessment.
- The SLP will collect relevant information about your child's development by:
  - Reviewing student files and/or other reports
  - Talking to teachers and/or other professionals
  - Talking to parents/guardians
- The tasks of the assessment may vary by age and include:
  - Articulation (Speech Sounds): Your child may repeat or say certain words or sounds to check if they have trouble pronouncing them (e.g., difficulty with "s" or "r" sounds). The SLP may need to look in the child's mouth to assess jaws, lips, teeth, and tongue.
  - **Receptive Language**: Tasks that test your child's understanding of instructions and stories.
  - **Expressive Language**: Your child may tell a story, answer questions, or describe pictures to see how well they use language to express ideas and needs.
  - Fluency: The clinician will check for stuttering or other speech problems if needed.
  - Voice: The clinician may listen for voice problems like hoarseness or difficulty with pitch or volume.

#### What is involved in Speech-Language Therapy?

Speech-language therapy can include direct and indirect services:

- Direct Services: One-on-one work between your child and the SLP.
- Indirect Services: These might include observing your child, talking with teachers, and coaching school staff.

Therapy goals and techniques are chosen based on what your child needs. Fun activities and games are used to make sessions enjoyable and help with learning.

# What is involved in a hearing screening?

- A hearing screening checks if your child's hearing is normal and determines if further testing from an audiologist is needed.
- Your child will listen through over-the-ear headphones while the SLP plays sounds at different pitches and volumes.

# Use of audio recordings in assessment and treatment

- SLPs use recordings to listen to a child's speech and language more closely and may be part of assessment and/or treatment.
- Audio recordings will be captured on an approved secure device.
- Audio recordings will be used, stored, and destroyed as per South Shore Regional Centre Education policy.

# What are the risks of Speech-Language Services?

- Missing class time.
- Some tests may be tiring or difficult.
- Hearing screening results may not always be accurate and a full assessment with the audiologist may still be required.

# What could happen if you refuse Speech-Language Services?

- Your child's communication skills may not improve.
- Your child's academic progress may be impacted.

# What are the benefits of Speech-Language Services?

- Improved communication skills; clearer speech; listening in the classroom; and expressing thoughts and ideas.
- Recommendations based on assessment and treatment to support the student's development.
- Identification of hearing problems
- Referral to other services or resources as needed.